

Product Data Sheet

Cas No.:	145-13-1	Cat. No:	PC66840
Product Name:	Pregnenolone.		
Product synonym:	妊娠烯醇酮;3-羟基-5-妊烯酮;5-孕甾烯-3β-醇-20-酮;3β-羟基孕甾-5-烯-20-酮;苯酮;妊烯醇酮;孕烯醇酮;孕甾烯醇酮;1-羟基环己基甲酸;Pregnenolone 孕烯醇酮;Pregnenolone 孕甾烯醇酮 标准品;妊娠烯醇酮,Pregnenolone;妊娠烯醇酮,孕烯醇酮; 妊娠烯醇酮、孕烯醇酮;孕烯醇酮 标准品;孕烯雌酮;孕烯醇酮.孕烯醇酮醋酸酯;孕烯醇酮/妊烯醇酮		
Chemical name:	Pregnenolone.		
MF:	C21H32O2	FW:	316.4776
Purity:	≥99%	Batch No.:	-
Storage:			
Structural formula:	HO		
λmax:	-	Formulation:	-
Solubility :			
SMILES:	O([H])[C@@]1([H])C([H])([H])([H])[C@@]2(C([H])([H])[H])C(C1([H])[H])=C([H])C([H])([H])[C@]1([H])[C@]2([H])C([H])([H])C([H])([H])[C@]21[H] H])([H])[C@]2(C([H])([H])[H])[C@@]([H])(C(C([H])([H])[H])=O)C([H])([H])([H])[C@]21[H]		
	hj)([n])([n])/[n])/[n])/[n])/[n])/[n])/[n])/[n]/[n]/[n]/[n]/[n]/[n]/[n]/[n]/[n]/[n]	C@@]([H])(C(C([H])([H])[H])=O)	C([H])([H])C([H])([H])[C@]21[H]
InChl Code:	ոյյ(լոյյ[с@]2(Ա[пյ)(լոյ)[пյ)[C@@]([H])(C(C([H])([H])[H])=O) -	C([H])([H])C([H])([H])[C@]21[H]
InChI Code:	n])([n])[C@]2(C([n])([n])[n])[C@@]([H])(C(C([H])([H])[H])=O) -	C([H])([H])C([H])([H])[C@]21[H]

Product Description

Pregnenolone (3β-Hydroxy-5-pregnen-20-one) 是一种功能强大的神经甾体,是包括甾体酮在内的各种甾体激素的主要前体。Pregnenolone 是大麻素 CB1 受体的信号传导特异性抑制剂,抑制由 CB1 受体介导的四氢大麻酚 (THC) 的作用。Pregnenolone 可以保护大脑免受大麻中毒。Pregnenolone 也是一种 TRPM3 通道激活剂,也可以弱激活 TRPM1 通道。Pregnenolone (3β-Hydroxy-5-pregnen-20-one) 是一种功能强大的神经甾体,是包括甾体酮在内的各种 甾体激素的主要前体。Pregnenolone 是大麻素 CB1 受体的信号传导特异性抑制剂,抑制由 CB1 受体介导的四氢大麻酚 (THC) 的作用。Pregnenolone 可以保护大脑免受大麻中毒。Pregnenolone 也是一种 TRPM3 通道激活剂,也可以弱激活 TRPM1 通道。

生物活性

Pregnenolone (3β -Hydroxy-5-pregnen-20-one) is a powerful neurosteroid, the main precursor of various steroid hormones including steroid ketones. Pregnenolone acts as a signaling-specific inhibitor of cannabinoid CB1 receptor, inhibits the effects of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) that are mediated by the CB1 receptors. Pregnenolone can protect the brain from cannabis intoxication. Pregnenolone is also a TRPM3 channel activator, and also can weakly activate TRPM1 channels.

IC50 & Target[1][2]	CB1 Human Endogenous Metabolite	
体外研究(In Vitro)	CB1 receptor stimulation increases brain Pregnenolone levels, which in turn exerts a negative feedback on the activity of the CB1 receptor antagonizing most of the known behavioral and somatic effects of THC. Pregnenolone likely acts as a signaling-specific negative allosteric modulator binding to a site distinct from that occupied by orthosteric ligands. Pregnenolone does not modify agonist binding but only agonist efficacy. The effect of THC is significantly attenuated when slices are pre-treated with Pregnenolone 100 nM (15.1±1.8 % of inhibition). These effects are likely due to a pre-synaptic action of Pregnenolone. Thus, Pregnenolone blocks the increase in paired-pulse ratio (PPR) induced by THC but does not modify either the amplitude or the decay time of miniature EPSC (mEPSC). Medlife has not independently confirmed	
体内研究(In Vivo)	Pregnenolone administration (2-6 mg/kg) blocks THC-induced food-intake in Wistar rats and in C57BL/6N mice, and blunts the memory impairment induced by THC in mice, but it does not modify these behaviors <i>per se</i> . Injections of Pregnenolone (2 and 4mg/kg) before each self-administration session reduce the intake of WIN 55,212-2 and reduce the break-point in a progressive ratio schedule. Medlife has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.	
包装储存	Powder; -20°C; 3 years; 4°C; 2 years;	
溶解度数据	体外研究: DMSO: 25 mg/mL(78.99 mM;ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C) H ₂ O: 0.1 mg/mL(0.32 mM;Need ultrasonic) 配制储存液	